

carnivorous plant hunt

Find carnivorous plants -- plants that eat bugs! -- in the Children's Garden, Upper Woodland Garden, Conservation Garden, Fuqua Conservatory, and the Fuqua Orchid Center. Here's what to look for:

Outdoor Carnivorous Plants: Native to Southeastern U.S., including:

- Pitcher plants (*Sarracenia*) -- Best viewed April-May when blooming and forming new pitchers
- Venus fly traps (*Dionaea muscipula*)
- Sundews (*Drosera*)
- Bladderworts (*Utricularia*)
- Butterworts (*Pinguicula*)

Carnivorous plants can be found in bog gardens:

- Showcase species found in natural bog habitats in the wild.
- Best from April through October.
- Dormant in winter months.
- Filled with native grasses, sedges and wildflowers that bloom throughout the growing season.

Bog gardens at the Atlanta Botanical Garden:

- Soggy Bog - In the Children's Garden
- Mountain Bog - In the Woodland Shade Garden
- Conservation Garden Bogs - Six themed bogs in the Conservation Garden

Indoor Carnivorous Plants: Native to tropical regions around the world, including:

- *Nepenthes*
- *Heliamphora*
- *Brocchinia*
- Tropical *Drosera*
- Tropical *Utricularia*

Find tropical carnivorous plants:

Fuqua Conservatory - Tropical pitcher plants in the Special Exhibits room, which also houses the beautiful *Nepenthes* Chandelier designed and created by Dale Chihuly that was inspired by our renowned carnivorous plant collection

Fuqua Orchid Center - In the High Elevation House sections:

- Mount Kinabalu - . Various species of *Nepenthes*
- Tepui Table-Top Mountain - *Drosera*, *Utricularia*, *Heliamphora* and even a rare carnivorous bromeliad called *Brocchinia reducta*
- Lowland Orchid Display House - Low-elevation *Nepenthes*

